

THE MORTGAGE SOCIETY OF FINLAND

Interim Report

1 January–30 September 2017

The Financial Statement Release 2017 will be published on 30 January 2018.

The Audited Financial Statements 2017 will be published on 1 March 2018

and The Annual Report during the week 12

The figures in the tables in the Report are presented in thousands of euros.

Hypo Group's Interim Report can be accessed at http://www.hypo.fi/en/

Hypo Group's January-September 2017

The home finance specialist Hypo's net interest income and competitiveness strengthen further.

CEO Ari Pauna:

"Hypo's loan portfolio grew to EUR 2.1 billion as a growing number of urban citizens choose Hypo to finance their home or housing company mortgage. The positive development of Hypo's core business continues despite low interest rates and narrowing margins."

- Net interest income increased to EUR 6.3 million (EUR 3.6 million 1–9/2016)
- Low risk loan portfolio secured by housing collateral continued to grow faster than the market
- Non-performing loans remained low and impairment losses were 0 euros
- Net fee and commission income decreased to EUR 2.7 million (EUR 3.6 million 1–9/2016) due to decrease in land trustee service profits.
- Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) ratio, as calculated with standard and basic methods, was 13.0% (13.6% on 31 December 2016)

| GROUP'S KEY FIGURES | GRC | UP'S | KFY | FIGL | IRFS |
|---------------------|-----|------|------------|------|------|
|---------------------|-----|------|------------|------|------|

| _(1000 €) | 1-9/2017 | 1-9/2016 | 7–9/2017 | 7–9/2016 | 2016 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 6 280 | 3 610 | 2 329 | 1 561 | 5 386 |
| Net fee and commission income | 2 690 | 3 550 | 807 | 1 051 | 4 439 |
| Total other income | 4 048 | 6 312 | 979 | 1 133 | 7 924 |
| Total expenses | -8 109 | -7 215 | -2 340 | -2 094 | -10 403 |
| Operating profit | 4 909 | 6 257 | 1 775 | 1 650 | 7 347 |
| | | | | | _ |
| Receivables from the public and public sector entities | 2 130 428 | 1 756 349 | 2 130 428 | 1 756 349 | 1 806 440 |
| Deposits | 1 311 950 | 1 155 648 | 1 311 950 | 1 155 648 | 1 203 042 |
| Balance sheet total | 2 640 119 | 2 232 311 | 2 640 119 | 2 232 311 | 2 305 218 |
| | | | | | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) ratio | 13,0 | 13,0 | 13,0 | 13,0 | 13,6 |
| Cost-to-income ratio,% | 62,4 | 53,5 | 57,0 | 56,0 | 57,1 |
| Non-performing assets, % of the loan portfolio | 0,13 | 0,19 | 0,13 | 0,19 | 0,11 |
| LTV-ratio, % / Loan to Value, average, % | 37,7 | 39,0 | 37,7 | 39,0 | 38,4 |
| Loans / deposits, % | 162,4 | 152,0 | 162,4 | 152,0 | 150,2 |

Calculation of key figures and definitions are set out below.

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HYPO GROUP

The Mortgage Society of Finland Group (hereafter "Hypo Group" or "Hypo") is the only nationwide expert organization specializing in home financing and housing in Finland. Hypo constantly aims to complement traditional home financing and housing products with new, alternative and customer-oriented solutions.

The Mortgage Society of Finland grants loans to households and housing companies with domestic housing or residential property as collateral. Suomen AsuntoHypoPankki Oy deposit bank offers its customers deposit products, payment cards and residential land trustee services. Hypo has over 28,000 customers. Maintaining the strong capital adequacy and keeping the customer promise "Secure way for better living" guides Hypo in growing the business in a profitable manner, while managing risks.

S&P Global Ratings has assigned a 'BBB/A-2' issuer credit ratings with stable outlook to Hypo.

Rating for Hypo's covered bonds is 'AAA' (S&P Global Ratings).

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Global economy developed steadily despite political uncertainty. Global economy and financial markets picked up after the precaution of early summer. European Central Bank kept its main interest rates on hold and is assumed to continue purchasing securities until 2018. Short-term interest rates following the ECB's actions remained low without any major changes throughout the whole summer. At the end of September 12-month Euribor rate was -0.17 percent.

Finnish economy continued its positive development over the summer 2017. Economy grew at a rate of 3 percent, consumer confidence indicator remained at all-time high and business confidence indicator showed that the growth has spread widely across the domestic and foreign markets. Construction and consumption kept surging while exports were strong as at the beginning of the year.

In the housing market the prices fragmented even more. Helsinki leading the way, in Helsinki Metropolitan Area the prices rose by annual average rate of 3 percent and in other growth centers by one percent while in the regions experiencing net population outflows the prices weakened by a couple of percentages. Sales were kept up especially by the sales of new housing units. In August, the amount of mortgages increased by 2.6 percent from previous year and the average interest rate decreased to 1.05 percent. In growth centers, construction of new housing units reached the highest level in 25 years. In smaller regional centers, construction activity is also increasing. In 2017, construction of over 40 000 housing units begins this year, which will show in the market in the upcoming years. Rents continued to rise yet more moderately than previously, for new-built homes created increased supply and competition.

In Finland, the number of employed grew slowly and the unemployment rate remained at a little over 8.5 percent. Return of people earlier outside the labor market to job search increases the unemployment rate temporarily. However, the labor market is recovering as a whole. Inflation increased at a rate of just over 0.5 percent while employee's earnings maintained unchanged. One reason for the slow earnings development can be found in the Competitiveness Pact, which caused cuts to

paid leave in the public sector. In the private sector, the earnings rose by 0.6 percent during the third quarter while the private sector witnessed a decrease of one percent.

RESULTS AND PROFITABILITY

July-September 2017

Hypo Group's operating profit was EUR 1.8 million (EUR 1.7 million for July–September 2016). Income totaled EUR 4.1 million (EUR 3.7 million) and expenses EUR 2.3 million (EUR 2.1 million).

January-September 2017

Hypo Group's operating profit was EUR 4.9 million (EUR 6.3 million for January—September 2016). An increasing amount of operating profit originated from core business operations. Net interest income continued to grow. Operating profit included nearly EUR 2 million less net income from investment properties than the reference financial period. Expenses grew moderately despite the increase in Contribution to Financial Stability Authority.

Net interest income strengthened and grew to EUR 6.3 million (EUR 3.6 million) due to loan portfolio growth and lower funding costs.

Net fee and commission income totaled EUR 2.7 million (EUR 3.5 million). Decrease in fee and commission income resulted from intensified competition as well as from the extended VAT liability concerning land trustee services.

Net income from investment properties (housing units and residential land) amounted to EUR 2.2 million (EUR 4.2 million). Capital gains from the sales of investment properties decreased as envisaged, totaling 0.6 million (EUR 2.4 million).

Group's cost-to-income ratio was 62.4% (53.5%). Expenses increased due to Contribution to Financial Stability Authority and certain non-recurring items.

Impairments during the financial period were EUR 0.0 million (EUR 0.0 million).

Group's other comprehensive income, EUR 5.5 million (EUR 7.0 million) includes EUR 4.1 million (EUR 5.2 million) profit for the financial period as well as the change in the fair value reserve EUR 0.8 million (EUR 1.3 million), the revaluation of defined benefit pension plans EUR 0.6 million (EUR 0.7 million), and adjustments in ownership of subsidiary and in retained earnings EUR 0.0 million (EUR -0.3 million).

PERSONNEL AND DEVELOPMENT

On 30 September 2017 the number of permanent personnel was 50 (50 on 30 September 2017) of which one person was on parental leave. These figures do not include the CEO and his Deputy. Cooperation with Perho Tourism, Culinary and Business College continued by offering traineeships for the students.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Lending

The loan portfolio grew to EUR 2,130.4 million (EUR 1,806.4 million on 31 December 2016).

Hypo has an entirely residential propertysecured loan portfolio. At the end of the financial period, the average Loan-to-Value ratio of the loan portfolio was 37.7% (38.4% on 31 December 2016).

Amount of non-performing loans was low at EUR 2.8 million (EUR 2.1 million on 31

December 2016), representing 0.13% of the loan portfolio (0.11%).

Liquid assets and other receivables

At the end of the financial period, cash and cash equivalents in accordance with the cash flow statement, combined with current account and other binding credit facilities, totaled EUR 432,1 million (EUR 421.0 million on 31 December 2016), which corresponds to 16,4% (18.3%) of the total assets. The cash and cash equivalents (which totaled EUR 428.4 million) consisted of assets distributed widely across various counterparties, and of debt securities tradable on the secondary market, of which 94.9% (92.4%) had a credit rating of at least 'AA-' or were of equivalent credit quality and 100.0% (100.0%) were ECB repo eligible. Liquidity covers wholesale funding cash flows for the following 14 months. The Liquidity Coverage Ratio was 91.1% (144.4%).

The surplus of EUR 6.4 million (EUR 5.7 million on 31 December 2016) from the Mortgage Society of Finland's pension foundation has been recognized in Group's other assets.

The share of housing and residential land holdings of total assets remained low at 2.4% level (2.7% on 31 December 2016). Hypo offers rental apartments and residential land for its customers. Hypo's properties are located in selected growth centers, mainly in the Helsinki Metropolitan Area. The property in Hypo's own use, the Hypo House, is located in the center of Helsinki. The difference between the fair value and the book value of the properties totaled EUR 5.9 million (EUR 6.1 million on 31 December 2016).

Derivative contracts

The balance sheet value of derivative receivables was EUR 0.2 million on 30

September 2017 (EUR 0.1 million on 31 December 2016), and the value of liabilities was EUR 6.4 million (EUR 4.5 million).

Deposits and other funding

Deposits grew to EUR 1,311.9 million (EUR 1,203.0 million on 31 December 2016). The share of deposits accounted for 53.5% (55.5%) of total funding. The deposit bank Suomen AsuntoHypoPankki Oy is a member of the Deposit Guarantee Fund and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Mortgage Society of Finland.

The share of long-term funding of total funding was 41.8% on 30 September 2017 (39.9%).

The total funding at the end of the financial period was EUR 2,453.6 million (EUR 2,169.1 million).

RISK TOLERANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

At the end of the financial period, Hypo Group's equity amounted to EUR 114.4 million (EUR 108.8 million on 31 December 2016). The changes in equity during the period are presented in Group's statement of equity attached to this Interim Report.

Group's CET1 capital in relation to risk-weighted assets on 30 September 2017 was 13.0% (13.6% on 31 December 2016). Profit for the financial period is included in the Common Equity Tier 1 capital, based on the statement by the auditors. In measuring credit and counterparty risk, the standardized approach is used. Group's own funds are quantitatively and qualitatively strong in relation to Group's current and future business, as well as to changes, even exceptional ones, in the operating environment. At the end of the financial period, Group's Leverage Ratio was 3.8% (4.2%).

There have been no significant negative changes in the risk levels during the financial period. More detailed information on capital adequacy and risk management practices is published as part of the Annual Audited Financial Statements, the Notes and the Annual Report. The same information and any updates therein can also be accessed at www.hypo.fi/en.

KEY EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

Since the end of the financial period of 1 January–30 September 2017, there have not been any significant changes in the outlook or financial standing of the Mortgage Society of Finland or its Group.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Finnish economy develops positively in 2017 and in 2018, which has positive repercussions on housing market and loan demand. The urbanization in Finland continues and supports the housing and mortgage markets in the biggest growth centers yet, at the same time, the decline of regions experiencing net population outflows continues. Uncertainties in the European and world economies may weaken the outlook.

Following the increase in loan portfolio and net interest income, Hypo's core business' share of the profit for the financial period keeps growing. The operating profit for 2017 is expected at most to reach the 2016 level or to remain slightly lower. Hypo concentrates on its core business operations, whereupon risk level of lending is expected to become more moderate and capital adequacy to remain almost unchanged.

Helsinki, 31 October 2017

The Board

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT, IFRS

| (1000 €) | 7-9/2017 | 7-9/2016 | 1-9/2017 | 1-9/2016 | 2016 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Interest income | 5 426,7 | 4 991,5 | 15 091,5 | 14 960,4 | 19 951,7 |
| Interest expenses | -3 097,9 | -3 430,0 | -8 811,9 | -11 350,1 | -14 565,5 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 2 328,8 | 1 561,5 | 6 279,6 | 3 610,2 | 5 386,2 |
| Income from equity investments | 0,0 | 0,0 | 39,9 | 0,0 | 0,0 |
| Fee and commission income | 829,8 | 1 072,3 | 2 764,4 | 3 610,8 | 4 517,1 |
| Fee and commission expenses | -22,7 | -21,7 | -74,1 | -61,3 | -77,6 |
| Net income from securities and foreign currency transactions | | | | | |
| Net income from securities trading | -116,3 | -139,7 | 557,6 | -1 022,6 | -522,2 |
| Net income from foreign currency transactions | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,1 | 0,1 |
| Net income from financial assets available for sale | 541,3 | 692,8 | 1 219,1 | 3 194,7 | 3 634,5 |
| Net icome from hedge accounting | 1,3 | -27,8 | -33,9 | -42,5 | -53,7 |
| Net income from investment properties | 546,3 | 609,0 | 2 150,2 | 4 188,8 | 4 881,3 |
| Other operating income | 6,7 | -1,7 | 115,7 | -6,5 | -16,0 |
| Administrative expenses | | | | | |
| Personnel costs | | | | | |
| Wages and salaries | -1 064,4 | -906,3 | -3 678,4 | -3 237,7 | -4 513,4 |
| Other personnel related costs | | | | | |
| Pension costs | -215,1 | -199,0 | -723,9 | -674,4 | -1 054,2 |
| Other personnel related costs | -63,4 | -129,1 | -145,3 | -214,2 | -308,2 |
| Other administrative expenses | -614,0 | -601,6 | -1 975,2 | -1 975,8 | -2 825,1 |
| Total administrative expenses | -1 956,9 | -1 836,0 | -6 522,9 | -6 102,1 | -8 700,9 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses on tangible and | | | | | |
| intangible assets | -140,5 | -82,8 | -335,6 | -237,1 | -328,0 |
| Other operating expenses | -247,0 | -177,4 | -1 267,3 | -873,6 | -1 105,0 |
| Impairment losses on loans and other commitments | 4,1 | 1,9 | 16,6 | -2,0 | -268,7 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 1 774,9 | 1 650,4 | 4 909,3 | 6 256,9 | 7 346,9 |
| Income taxes | -315,0 | -283,0 | -832,2 | -1 083,7 | -1 228,9 |
| OPERATING PROFIT AFTER TAX | 1 460,0 | 1 367,4 | 4 077,1 | 5 173,2 | 6 118,0 |
| PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD | 1 460,0 | 1 367,4 | 4 077,1 | 5 173,2 | 6 118,0 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, IFRS

| (1000 €) | 7–9/2017 | 7-9/2016 | 1-9/2017 | 1-9/2016 | 2016 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| Profit for the period | 1 460,0 | 1 367,4 | 4 077,1 | 5 173,2 | 6 118,0 |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement | | | | | |
| Change in fair value reserve | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | 152,2 | 356,9 | 461,8 | 611,3 | 822,5 |
| Available for sale financial assets | 540,1 | 348,6 | 367,8 | 681,7 | 580,5 |
| | 692,3 | 705,5 | 829,6 | 1 292,9 | 1 403,0 |
| Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to the income statement | | | | | |
| Revaluation of defined benefit pension plans | 54,5 | 0,0 | 607,8 | 748,8 | 185,6 |
| Effect of changes in the ownership of Bostads Ab Taos | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 | -299,5 | -299,5 |
| Correction for previous year | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 34,9 | 34,9 |
| | 54,5 | 0,0 | 607,8 | 484,1 | -79,0 |
| Total other comprehensive income items | 746,8 | 705,5 | 1 437,5 | 1 777,1 | 1 324,0 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | 2 206,7 | 2 072,9 | 5 514,6 | 6 950,3 | 7 442,0 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET, IFRS

| Debt securities eligible for refinancing with central banks Treasury bills Other 275 213,9 291 927,8 288 513 Receivables from credit institutions Repayable on demand 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 795 Other 121,6 17,9 2 021 11 657,6 5 171,2 6 821 Receivables from the public and public sector entities Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities From others O,0 O,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 309,8 336,7 335 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 309,8 336,7 335 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 309,8 336,7 | | 30.9.2017 | 31.12.2016 | 30.9.2016 |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Cash 141 525,0 120 200,0 99 000 Debt securities eligible for refinancing with central banks Treasury bills Other 275 213,9 291 927,8 288 513 Receivables from credit institutions Repayable on demand 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 798 Other 121,6 17,9 2 021 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 From others 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 132 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Other properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 | () | | | |
| Debt securities eligible for refinancing with central banks Treasury bills Other 275 213,9 291 927,8 288 513 Receivables from credit institutions Repayable on demand 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 795 Other 121,6 17,9 2 021 11 657,6 5 171,2 6 821 Receivables from the public and public sector entities Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities From others O,0 O,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 Other tangible ass | ASSETS | | | |
| Treasury bills 275 213,9 291 927,8 288 513 Receivables from credit institutions 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 795 Repayable on demand 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 795 Other 121,6 17,9 2 021 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 11 657,6 5 171,2 6 821 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 0,0 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 345 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 From others 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 | Cash | 141 525,0 | 120 200,0 | 99 000,0 |
| Other 275 213,9 291 927,8 288 513 Receivables from credit institutions 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 795 Repayable on demand 121,6 17,9 2 021 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 11 657,6 5 171,2 6 821 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 345 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Debt securities eligible for refinancing with central banks | | | |
| Receivables from credit institutions Repayable on demand 11 536,0 5 153,3 4 798 Other 121,6 17,9 2 021 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 11 657,6 5 171,2 6 821 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 Prom others 0,0 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 132 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 186,1 138,4 728 Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Treasury bills | | | |
| Repayable on demand Other 11 536,0 12,0 12,0 12,0 12,0 12,0 12,0 12,0 12 | Other | 275 213,9 | 291 927,8 | 288 513,0 |
| Other 121,6 17,9 2 021 Receivables from the public and public sector entities 11 657,6 5 171,2 6 821 Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 20 From others 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 138,4 728 Intangible assets 186,1 138,4 728 728 Intangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Other properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Receivables from credit institutions | | | |
| Receivables from the public and public sector entities Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 | Repayable on demand | 11 536,0 | 5 153,3 | 4 799,8 |
| Receivables from the public and public sector entities Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 20 From others 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Other | 121,6 | 17,9 | 2 021,4 |
| Other than those repayable on demand 2 130 428,4 1 806 439,8 1 756 348 Debt securities 0,0 0,0 20 From others 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 138,4 728 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | | 11 657,6 | 5 171,2 | 6 821,1 |
| Debt securities 0,0 0,0 20 From others 0,0 0,0 20 Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 0ther long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 1nvestment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Receivables from the public and public sector entities | | | |
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| Shares and holdings 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 132,4 728 Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets 1nvestment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Debt securities | | | |
| Shares and holdings Derivative financial instruments Intangible assets Other long-term expenditure Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties Investment properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations Other tangible assets Other tangible assets 132,4 | From others | 0,0 | 0,0 | 20,0 |
| Derivative financial instruments 186,1 138,4 728 Intangible assets Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | | 0,0 | 0,0 | 20,0 |
| Intangible assets Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Shares and holdings | 132,4 | 132,4 | 132,4 |
| Other long-term expenditure 2 791,6 2 812,6 2 804 Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Derivative financial instruments | 186,1 | 138,4 | 728,5 |
| Tangible assets Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations Other tangible assets 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 867,0 864,7 867,0 309,8 336,7 335 | Intangible assets | | | |
| Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Other long-term expenditure | 2 791,6 | 2 812,6 | 2 804,6 |
| Investment properties and shares and holdings in investment properties 61 979,3 61 691,4 60 676 Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations 857,1 864,7 867 Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Tangible assets | | | |
| Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | = | 61 979,3 | 61 691,4 | 60 676,5 |
| Other tangible assets 309,8 336,7 335 | Other properties and shares and holdings in real estate corporations | 857,1 | 864,7 | 867,2 |
| 63 146,2 62 892,8 61 878 | | 309,8 | 336,7 | 335,1 |
| | • | 63 146,2 | 62 892,8 | 61 878,9 |
| Other assets 8 511,5 9 239,5 10 570 | Other assets | 8 511.5 | 9 239 5 | 10 570,8 |
| , | | • | • | 5 075,0 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · | , | • | 417,5 |
| | | | , | 2 232 311,1 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET, IFRS

| (1000 €) | 30.9.2017 | 31.12.2016 | 30.9.2016 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | | | |
| Central banks | 80 000,0 | 80 000,0 | 50 000,0 |
| Credit institutions | | | |
| Repayable on demand | | | |
| Other than those repayable on demand | 33 871,1 | 38 086,5 | 38 074,9 |
| | 113 871,1 | 118 086,5 | 88 074,9 |
| Liabilities to the public and public sector entities | | | |
| Deposits | | | |
| Repayable on demand | 719 065,9 | 641 954,6 | 643 728,0 |
| Other | 592 883,7 | 561 087,8 | 511 919,9 |
| | 1 311 949,5 | 1 203 042,4 | 1 155 647,8 |
| Other liabilities | | | |
| Other than those repayable on demand | 24 847,0 | 28 476,9 | 29 593,4 |
| | 1 336 796,5 | 1 231 519,3 | 1 185 241,3 |
| Debt securities issued to the public | | | |
| Bonds | 903 384,5 | 699 076,2 | 732 082,9 |
| Other | 119 425,8 | 111 433,3 | 66 458,2 |
| | 1 022 810,3 | 810 509,6 | 798 541,1 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 6 389,3 | 4 536,3 | 5 618,0 |
| Other liabilities | | | |
| Other liabilities | 23 467,3 | 8 660,0 | 20 216,0 |
| Deferred income and advances received | 7 793,4 | 4 640,3 | 7 277,3 |
| Subordinated liabilities | | | |
| Other | 4 982,0 | 8 980,1 | 9 472,4 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 9 650,9 | 9 442,4 | 9 369,8 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Basic capital | 5 000,0 | 5 000,0 | 5 000,0 |
| Other restricted reserves | | | |
| Reserve fund | 22 799,9 | 22 796,7 | 22 796,7 |
| Fair value reserve | | | |
| From cash flow hedging | -129,4 | -591,2 | -802,5 |
| From fair value recognition | 199,2 | -168,6 | -67,4 |
| Defined benefit pension plans | 2 325,3 | 1 717,4 | 2 280,6 |
| Unrestricted reserves | | | |
| Other reserves | 22 923,5 | 22 923,5 | 22 923,5 |
| Retained earnings | 57 162,9 | 51 048,1 | 51 196,2 |
| Profit for the period | 4 077,1 | 6 118,0 | 5 173,2 |
| | 114 358,5 | 108 843,9 | 108 500,2 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 2 640 119,4 | 2 305 218,4 | 2 232 311,1 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | Basic capital | Reserve fund | Fair value reserve | Other reserves | Retained earnings | Total |
|--|------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| (1000 €) | | | | | | |
| Equity 1 January 2016 | 5 000,0 | 22 794,7 | -631,0 | 22 923,5 | 51 462,8 | 101 550,0 |
| Profit for the period | | | | | 5 173,2 | 5 173,2 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Correction for the year 2015 | | | | | 34,9 | 34,9 |
| Effect of changes in the ownership of Taos | | | | | -299,5 | -299,5 |
| Profit use of funds | | 2,8 | | | -2,8 | 0,0 |
| Cash flow hedges | | | | | | |
| Amount recognised in equity | | | -486,6 | | | -486,6 |
| Amount transferred to the income statement | | | 1 250,7 | | | 1 250,7 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | | -152,8 | | | -152,8 |
| Financial assets available for sale | | | | | | |
| Change in fair value | | | 4 046,8 | | | 4 046,8 |
| Amount transferred to the income statement | | | -3 194,7 | | | -3 194,7 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | | -170,4 | | | -170,4 |
| Revaluation of defined benefit plans | | | | | | |
| Actuarial gains / losses | | | 936,0 | | | 936,0 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | | -187,2 | | | -187,2 |
| Total other comprehensive income | 0,0 | 2,8 | 2 041,7 | 0,0 | -267,4 | 1 777,1 |
| Equity 30 September 2016 | 5 000,0 | 22 797,5 | 1 410,7 | 22 923,5 | 56 368,5 | 108 500,2 |
| Equity 1 January 2017 | 5 000,0 | 22 796,7 | 957,6 | 22 923,5 | 57 166,1 | 108 843,9 |
| Profit for the period | | | | | 4 077,1 | 4 077,1 |
| Other comprehensive income | | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Profit use of funds Cash flow hedges | | 3,2 | | | -3,2 | 0,0 |
| Amount recognised in equity | | | -38,3 | | | -38,3 |
| Amount transferred to the income statement | | | 615,6 | | | 615,6 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | | -115,5 | | | -115,5 |
| Financial assets available for sale Change in fair value | | | 1 678,8 | | | 1 678,8 |
| Amount transferred to the income statement | | | -1 219.1 | | | -1 219.1 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | | -91,9 | | | -91,9 |
| Revaluation of defined benefit plans | | | | | | , , |
| Actuarial gains / losses | | | 759,8 | | | 759,8 |
| Change in deferred taxes | | | -152,0 | | | -152,0 |
| Total other comprehensive income | 0,0 | 3,2 | 1 437,5 | 0,0 | -3,2 | 1 437,5 |
| Equity 30 September 2017 | 5 000,0 | 22 799,9 | 2 395,1 | 22 923,5 | 61 240,0 | 114 358,5 |

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

| (1000 €) | 1-9/2017 | 1-9/2016 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Cash flow from operating activities | 440040 | 4.4.000.0 |
| Interest received | 14 364,0 | 14 283,3 |
| Interest paid | -6 944,8 | -9 427,1 |
| Fee income | 2 728,4 | 3 216,1 |
| Fee expenses | -74,1 | -61,3 |
| Net income from securities and foreign currency transactions | 557,6 | -1 022,5 |
| Net income from available-for-sale financial assets | 1 219,1 | 3 194,7 |
| Net income from hedge accounting | -33,9 | -42,5 |
| Net income from investment properties | 1 274,4 | 2 940,8 |
| Other operating income | 115,7 | -6,5 |
| Administrative expenses | -3 799,2 | -8 043,9 |
| Other operating expenses | -1 283,1 | -896,9 |
| Credit and guarantee losses | 16,6 | -2,0 |
| Income taxes | -1 021,7 | -701,1 |
| Total net cash flow from operating activities | 7 119,0 | 3 431,1 |
| Operating assets increase (-) / decrease (+) | | |
| Receivables from customers (lending) | -310 097,2 | -335 132,0 |
| Collateral, derivatives | 525,2 | 773,0 |
| Investment properties | 2 693,0 | 8 044,5 |
| Operating assets increase (-) / decrease (+) total | -306 879,0 | -326 314,5 |
| Operating liabilities increase (+) / decrease (-) | | |
| Liabilities to the public and public sector organisations (deposits) | 108 905,9 | 116 705,3 |
| Operating liabilities increase (+) / decrease (-) total | 108 905,9 | 116 705,3 |
| NET CASH FLOWS ACCRUED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | -190 854,1 | -206 178,0 |
| Cash flows from investments | | |
| Change in fixed assets | -280,1 | -1 046,4 |
| Equity investments increase (-) / decrease (+) | 39,9 | 0,0 |
| NET CASH FLOWS ACCRUED FROM INVESTMENTS | -240,2 | -1 046,4 |
| Casf flows from financing | | |
| Bank loans, new withdrawals | 80 247,3 | 101 719,8 |
| Bank loans, repayments | -84 462,7 | -165 030,7 |
| Other liabilities, increase (-) / decrease (+) | -3 672,0 | -3 934,1 |
| Bonds, new issues | 280 255,4 | 325 589,2 |
| Bonds, repayments | -74 170,6 | -104 668,5 |
| Certificates on deposit, new issues | 146 855,6 | 108 396,6 |
| Certificates on deposit, repayments | -138 863,1 | -111 389,8 |
| Subordinated liabilities, new withdrawals | 29,0 | 49,4 |
| Subordinated liabilities, repayments | -4 027,0 | -4 046,6 |
| NET CASH FLOWS ACCRUED FROM FINANCING | 202 191,8 | 146 685,3 |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 11 097,6 | -60 539,1 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 417 299,0 | 454 893,2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 428 396,5 | 394 354,2 |
| CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 11 097,6 | -60 539,1 |

NOTES

1. Key accounting policies

This Interim Report applies the same IFRS accounting policies as the Group's Financial Statements on 31 December 2016. The Interim Report has been prepared in accordance with the IAS 34 standard (Interim Financial Reporting) approved in the EU. The new IFRS standards and interpretations effective from the financial year started on 1 January 2017, did not have any material impact on the consolidated result or balance sheet.

The Interim Report does not contain all information and Notes that are required in the annual Financial Statements. The Report should be read in conjunction with the Group's Financial Statements.

Hypo Group's business operations constitute a single segment: retail banking.

Hypo Group's consolidated financial statements cover The Mortgage Society of Finland as well as the deposit bank Suomen AsuntoHypoPankki Oy, of which The Mortgage Society of Finland owns 100 percent, and the housing company Bostadsaktiebolaget Taos, of which the Group companies own 54.6 percent. The financial statements of AsuntoHypoPankki and Taos have been consolidated using the acquisition cost method, and housing company-type associated companies are treated in the same manner as other housing company-type investments.

2. Preliminary impact assessment of IFRS 9 to financial status and capital in Hypo Group

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" will come into effect on 1 January 2018 and will result in amendments to the financial statements, with regard to defining and calculating the impairment losses through profit or loss. Application of the standard is not expected to materially affect Group's consolidated financial statements nor capital adequacy position as lending is secured by mortgage collateral, average loan-to-value ratio in the loan portfolio is low and liquidity is invested in accordance with conservative counterparty limits. Changes in classification of Financial Instruments and in hedge accounting are not expected to materially affect Group's financial position, result nor equity.

Implementation of IFRS 9 proceeds as scheduled. The implementation of expected credit loss impairment models (ECL-model) and system changes required by IFRS 9 is ongoing and hence this assessment involves an element of uncertainty. Hypo Group's loan portfolio on 30 September 2017 was EUR 2.1 billion (EUR 1.8 billion on 31 December 2016). Debt securities valued at fair value through other comprehensive income amounted to EUR 0.2 billion on 30 September 2017 (EUR 0.2 billion on 31 December 2016). During the period from 1 January 2017 to 30 September 2017 there have been no material changes in the risk profile of either the above-mentioned balance sheet items.

Expected credit losses

In Hypo Group's consolidated income statement, the switch from recognition of impairment and credit losses of the loan portfolio in accordance with IAS 39 to expected credit losses based on forecasting models in accordance with IFRS 9 will take place as of 1 January 2018. Data utilized in ECL model consists of information on i.a. amount of previously realized losses in Hypo's loan portfolio as well as on contract-related collaterals of liabilities. ECL model also utilizes estimates of the future value of the housing collaterals.

Concerning expected credit loss impairments of debt securities, ECL model utilizes credit ratings, probability of default and expected losses of counterparties.

Classification and measurement of financial instruments

The application of IFRS 9 requires classification of financial instruments based on business model into one of the following categories: financial instruments recognized at fair value through profit or loss, financial instruments recognized through other comprehensive income or financial instruments recognized at amortized cost. Changes in classification of Financial Instruments are not expected to materially affect Group's financial position, result nor equity. Agreement-based cash flows of Hypo Group's financial instruments consist of principal and interest payments. Depending on business model, the aim is to either gather the agreement-based cash flows and keep the financial instrument until the agreement expires or alternatively, gather the agreements-based cash flows and sell the financial instrument prior to its expiry.

Loans are classified as "financial instruments recognized at amortized cost".

Debt securities are classified as "financial instruments recognized at fair value through profit or loss". The exception to the above is applied in case debt securities are held for collecting agreement-based cash flows and sold prior to instrument's expiry whereupon changes in fair value are recognized through other comprehensive income.

Calculation and recognition of expected credit loss impairments will be applied to loans and debt securities recognized through other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities are recognized at amortized cost and classified as "other liabilities".

Derivative contracts are always recognized at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized at fair value through profit or loss.

Hedge accounting

Hypo Group intends to adopt IFRS 9 hedge accounting. Hedge accounting method based on IFRS 9 is considered not to have any negative impact in the hedge accounting results in comparison to hedge accounting method based on IAS 39.

Disclosures in Financial Statements and in Interim Reports

Due to application of IFRS 9, Financial Statements covering the periods beginning on 1 January 2018 will set out extended qualitative and quantitative information on financial instruments.

Hypo Group updates the impact analysis of implementation of IFRS 9 and when necessary, further specifies the impact assessment on financial performance and capital on its financial statements 2017.

3. Issuances and repayments of debt securities and equity instruments

Issuances, repayments and repurchases of debt securities appear on cash flow statement for the period from 1 January to 30 September 2017. Equity instruments have not been issued and have not been repayable during the period from 1 January to 30 September 2017.

4. Own funds and capital ratios

| Hypo Group own funds and capital ratios | 30.9.2017 | 31.12.2016 | 30.9.2016 |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Equity | 114 358,5 | 108 843,9 | 108 500,2 |
| Fair value reserve | 129,4 | 591,2 | 802,5 |
| Revaluation of defined pension plans | -2 325,3 | -1 717,4 | -2 280,6 |
| Surplus from defined pension plans | -5 108,0 | -4 528,0 | -6 675,6 |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital before regulatory adjustments | 107 054,7 | 103 189,8 | 100 346,5 |
| Intangible assets | -2 233,3 | -2 250,1 | -2 243,6 |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital | 104 821,4 | 100 939,6 | 98 102,9 |
| Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 |
| Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) | 104 821,4 | 100 939,6 | 98 102,9 |
| Tier 2 (T2) capital | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 |
| Total Capital (TC = T1 + T2) | 104 821,4 | 100 939,6 | 98 102,9 |
| Total risk-weighted items | 807 786,4 | 743 003,7 | 756 791,3 |
| of which credit risk | 771 650,0 | 710 798,0 | 728 428,2 |
| of which market risk | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 |
| of which operational risk | 28 964,9 | 28 964,9 | 28 363,1 |
| of which other risks | 7 171,5 | 3 240,8 | 0,0 |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) in relation to risk-weighted items (%) | 13,0 | 13,6 | 13,0 |
| Tier 1 capital (T1) in relation to risk-weighted items (%) | 13,0 | 13,6 | 13,0 |
| Total capital (TC) in relation to risk-weighted items (%) | 13,0 | 13,6 | 13,0 |
| Minimum capital | 5 000,0 | 5 000,0 | 5 000,0 |
| Capital conservation buffer in relation to risk-weighted items (%) | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 |
| Countercyclical capital buffer in relation to risk-weighted items (%) | 0,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 |

The own funds and capital adequacy are presented in accordance with the EU's Capital Requirements Regulation (575/2013). The capital requirement for credit risk is calculated using the standard method. The capital requirement for operational risk is calculated using the basic method. The other risk-weighted items include liability value adjustment risk (CVA).

5. Contingent off-balance sheet commitments

| Consolidated | | |
|--------------|--|--|
| | | |

| (1000 €) | 30.9.2017 | 31.12.2016 | 30.9.2016 |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Commitments made on behalf of a customer to benefit a third party | | | |
| Guarantees | 2 181,9 | 2 181,9 | 2 181,9 |
| Irrevocable commitments given on behalf of a customer | | | |
| Granted but unclaimed loans | 314 865,2 | 301 014,8 | 329 558,5 |
| Potential redemptions of partially owned housing units and those to be completed | 0,0 | 563,2 | 717,3 |
| Total | 317 047,1 | 303 759,8 | 332 457,7 |

6. Fair values of financial instruments

| (1000 €) | | 30.9.2017 | 31.12.2016 | 30.9.2016 |
|---|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Fair value determination | | | |
| Financial assets | principle | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value |
| Debt securities eligible for refinancing with central banks | Α | 275 213,9 | 291 927,8 | 288 513,0 |
| Debt securities | Α | 0,0 | 0,0 | 20,0 |
| Derivative contracts | В | 186,1 | 138,4 | 728,5 |
| Total | <u> </u> | 275 400,0 | 292 066,2 | 289 261,5 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Derivative contracts | В | 6 389,3 | 4 536,3 | 5 618,0 |
| | | | | |

Derivative contracts consist of interest rate and currency swaps with various counterparties for hedging purposes.

Fair value determination principles:

- A: Quoted price on an active market
- B: Verifiable price, other than quoted
- C: Unverifiable market price

Fair values and valuation principles are disclosed above for items that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The fair values of debt securities (financial assets) are presented based on public quotes from active markets. The fair values of derivatives are calculated by discounting the future cash flows of the contracts using the market interest rates of the closing date. Fair values are presented excluding accrued interest.

7. Information concerning asset encumbrance

30 Sep 2017

| | Book value of | Fair value of | Book value of | Fair value of |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| (1000 €) | encumbered assets | encumbered assets | unencumbered assets | unencumbered assets |
| A - Assets | 886 182 | 54 919 | 1 753 938 | 220 958 |
| Equity instruments | - | | 132 | 132 |
| Debt securities | 54 919 | 54 919 | 220 826 | 220 826 |
| Other assets, including lending | 831 263 | | 1 532 979 | |

B - Collateral received

Nothing to report, as Hypo has not received collateral that it would have pledged further or that it could pledge further.

| | Liabilities associated with | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| C - Encumbered assets and associated liabilities | encumbered assets | Encumbered assets | |
| Book value of selected financial liabilities | 79 682 | 101 097 | |
| Debt securities issued to the public | 604 160 | 780 108 | |
| Derivative contracts | - | 4 977 | |
| Total | 683 842 | 886 182 | |

D - Information on the importance of encumbrance
The amount of assets reported under items A and C above does not include excess collateral except for covered bonds. Group's encumbered assets consist of debt securities tradable on the secondary market and eligible as ECB collateral pledged against a loan from the central bank, cover asset pool and collateral posted for derivative contracts.
Following Hypo's covered bond issuance in June 2017 (EUR 250 million), the amount of Group's encumbered assets increased by EUR 283.7 million in comparison to the reference period.
Encumbered assets totaled EUR 886.2 million of which EUR 780.1 million were registered in cover asset pool. Unencumbered debt securities that are tradable on the secondary market and eligible as ECB collateral and that may be used as collateral in monetary policy operations totaled EUR 220.8 on 30 September 2017.
EUR 1 068,1 million of unencumbered loans may be used as collateral for covered bonds.

31 Dec 2016

| | Book value of | Fair value of | Book value of | Fair value of |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| (1000 €) | encumbered assets | encumbered assets | unencumbered assets | unencumbered assets |
| A - Assets | 602 433 | 51 889 | 1 702 785 | 240 172 |
| Equity instruments | | | 132 | 132 |
| Debt securities | 51 889 | 51 889 | 240 040 | 240 040 |
| Other assets, including | 550 544 | - | 1 462 613 | - |

B - Collateral received

Nothing to report, as Hypo has not received collateral that it would have pledged further or that it could pledge further.

| | Liabilities associated with | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| C - Encumbered assets and associated liabilities | encumbered assets | Encumbered assets | |
| Book value of selected financial liabilities | 79 924 | 106 944 | |
| Debt securities issued to the public | 359 634 | 494 070 | |
| Derivative contracts | - | 1 420 | |
| Total | 439 558 | 602 433 | |

D - Information on the importance of encumbrance

D-information on the importance of encumbrance
The amount of assets reported under items A and C above does not include excess collateral except for coverd bonds. Group's encumbered assets consist of debt securities, cover asset pool and cash collateral for derivative contracts that are tradable on the secondary market and eligible as ECB collateral and that have been pledged against a loan from the central bank.
There has been no significant changes in the group's encumbered assets during the past period.
Group's encumbered assets increased due to issuance of covered bonds. Encumbered assets totaled EUR 602.4 million, out of which of coverde bonds was EUR 550.5 million. Unencumbered debt securities that are tradable on the secondary market and eligible as ECB collateral and that can be used as collateral in monetary policy operations totalled EUR 240.0 on 31 December 2016. EUR 987 million of unencumbered loans can be used as collateral for covered bonds.

Opinion on the review of the 1 January–30 September 2017 Interim Report of the Mortgage Society of Finland (Translation)

Introduction

We have performed a review of the Mortgage Society of Finland's balance sheet of 30 September 2017, income statement, statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement for the nine months period ended, as well as the summary of significant accounting policies and other Notes. The Board of Directors and CEO are responsible for preparing the Interim Report and ensuring it provides accurate and sufficient information in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) approved in the EU, and other statutes and regulations concerning the preparation of the Interim Report in effect in Finland. Based on the review we have performed, we are issuing an opinion on the Interim Report in accordance with the Securities Act Section 2, Article 5a(7).

Scope of review

The review was performed in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity'. A review of interim financial information consists of making enquiries, primarily with persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially narrower in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with international standards and recommendations on auditing, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Interim Report is not prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) approved in the EU and other statutes and regulations concerning the preparation of the Interim Report in effect in Finland. The Report provides accurate and sufficient information on the financial standing of the entity on 30 September 2017 and the result and cash flows of its operations for the nine months period ended.

Helsinki 31 October 2017

PricewaterhouseCoopers Oy Authorised Public Accountants

Jukka Paunonen Authorised Public Accountant (KHT) Sources: Loans and deposits; Bank of Finland

Housing prices; August 2017, Statistics Finland

Key indicators and alternative performance measures are reported together with indicators defined and named in the IFRS standards in order to give useful additional information on the business operations. Key indicators and alternative performance measures describe the economic profit, financial standing or cash flows from business operations, but are other than the indicators defined and named in the IFRS standards. The indicators defined in the Capital Requirements Regulation (EU 575/2013) CRR, describe the risk-absorbing capacity of a credit institution.

Definitions of Alternative Performance Measures:

| Definitions of Alternative Performa | ance Measures: | |
|--|--|-------|
| Operating profit/profit before appropriations and taxes, milj. € | Interest income + income from equity investments + fee income + net income from available-for-sale financial assets + net income from currency operations and securities trading + net income from hedge accounting + income from investment properties + other operating income – (administrative expenses + depreciation and impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets + other operating expenses+ impairment losses on loans and other commitments) | |
| Cost-to-income ratio, % | Administrative expenses + depreciation and impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets + other operating expenses | |
| | Net interest income + income from equity investments + net fee and commission income + net income from currency operations and securities trading + net income from available-for-sale financial assets + net income from hedge accounting + net income from investment properties + other operating income | x 100 |
| LTV-ratio (Loan to Value, average) | Receivables from the public and public sector entities | |
| % | Fair value of collateral received against the receivables from the public and public sector entities | x 100 |
| | Loan-to-value ratio is calculated by dividing the outstanding loan balance with the fair value of the total amount of the collaterals allocated to the loan. Only housing and residential property collaterals are taken into account. The average LTV ratio is the weighted average of individual loan-to-value ratios. | |
| Loans/deposits % | Receivables from the public and public sector entities | x 100 |
| | Deposits | X 100 |
| | Deposits | x 100 |
| Deposits out of total funding, % | Total funding | |
| | Total funding includes liabilities to credit institutions, liabilities to the public and public sector entities, debt securities issued to the public as well as subordinated liabilities. | |
| Long-term funding out of total funding, % | Total funding with a remaining maturity of 12 months Total funding | x 100 |
| | Total funding includes liabilities to credit institutions, liabilities to the public and public sector entities, debt securities issued to the public as well as subordinated liabilities. | |
| Short-term liquidity, months | Coverage of short-term liquidity to wholesale funding cash flows (difference of days multiplied with 356 (days in a year)multiplied with 12 (months in a year)) | |
| Average number of personnel | | |
| | Number of personnel includes those in employment relationship during the financial year (excl. The CEO and the COO). Average number of personnel is calculated by dividing the sum of the number of permanent full-time personnel at the end of each month by the total number of months. | |
| Definitions of Key Financial Indica | tors set out in EU's Capital Requirements Regulation: | |
| Non-performing assets, % of the loan portfolio | Receivables from the public and public sector entities deemed unlikely to be paid + receivables past due and unpaid over 90 days | x 100 |
| | Receivables from the public and public sector entities Non-performing assets are presented in accordance with the EU's Capital Requirements Regulation (575/2013). | |
| LCR-ratio, % | Liquid assets | v 100 |
| | Outflow of liquidity – Inflow of liquidity (within 30 days) | x 100 |
| | LCR-ratio is calculated in accordance with the EU's Capital Requirement Regulation CRR (EU 575/2013). | |
| Leverage Ratio, % | Tier 1 Capital | |
| | Total exposure | x 100 |
| | Leverage Ratio, % is calculated in accordance with the EU's Capital Requirement Regulation CRR (EU 575/2013). | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) | Common Equity Tier 1, CET1 | |
| ratio % | Table to | x 100 |

The capital requirement for total risk is calculated using the standard method. The capital requirement for operational risk is calculated using the basic method.

Total risk

ratio %

Description of Alternative Performance Measures:

Operating profit, profit before appropriations and taxes is an indicator of profitability in the financial statement describing the net revenues from business operations after taking into account expenses, impairment losses and depreciations.

Cost-to-income ratio, % describes business performance by comparing total costs to total income. The less input is used to accumulate revenue, the better the efficiency.

LTV-ratio (Loan to Value, average), % compares the outstanding balance of credit owed by a customer to the fair value of the collaterals provided by the customer. The ratio reflects a credit institution's lending in relation to its collateral position.

Loans / deposits, % describes the relation of lending to deposit funding. A ratio exceeding 100 per cent indicates that in addition to deposit funding, wholesale funding and equity are used as funding sources.

Deposits out of total funding, % indicator describes the structure of funding.

Long-term funding out of total funding, % the ratio describes the structural funding risk of a credit institution. Long-term funding extends the planning and implementation horizon of the credit institution's funding therefore reducing the risk of having to raise funds under disadvantageous market conditions.

Short-term liquidity, months, describes the coverage of short-term liquidity to wholesale funding cash flows.

Average number of personnel describes the personnel resources available.

This is an unofficial English language translation of the original Finnish language release (Osavuosikatsaus) and it has not been approved by any competent authority. Should there be any discrepancies between the Finnish language and the English language versions, the Finnish version shall prevail.